

Climate Change and Sustainable Development in Norway -An Issue of Democracy?

Presentation 26th of November 2020 By Phronesis, Kirsten Paaby

The perspective and experience from where I speek

- Conveying good examples of sustainable practices
- Practicing and developing methods for democratic dialogue
- Imparting an over-all understanding of sustainable development



The presentation:

Norway's obligations – the SDGs, the Paris-agreement

Nordic Vision 2030

- Lines of conflict: The Climate court case (ongoing) and examples of other court cases regarding for example wind power
- The democratic aspect in the work for climate change: Participation, awareness raising and education for change
- Glimpse of local practice regarding climate and sustainable development - Norwegian and Nordic examples
- The burning questions in the Gemer Region regardig climate change and democracy?

Norway's obligations

- Endorsed the International Paris-agreement on Climate
- Endorsed the Agenda 2030 the Sustainable Development Goals
- Endorsed the Nordic Vision 2030
- Each Ministry has responsibility for one specific or several specific of the 17 goals, they are oblighed to report on the progress implementing the goals.
- All Norwegian Municipalities are required to have a climate plan.



The Nordic Vision 2030

A green Nordic region. The countries will work together to promote a green transition of their societies and work towards carbon neutrality and a sustainable circular and biobased economy.

A competitive Nordic region. Green growth in the Nordic region should be based on knowledge, innovation, mobility and digital integration.

A socially sustainable Nordic Region. The countries will promote an inclusive, equal and interconnected region with shared values and strengthened cultural exchange and welfare.



Every four years, the government shall draw up a document setting out national expectations regarding regional and municipal planning with the goal of promoting sustainable development throughout the entire country



National expectations regarding regional and municipal planning 2019–2023

Established by Royal Decree of 14 May 2019

Follows from section 6-1 of the Norwegian Planning and Building Act.

the United Nations'
 17 sustainable development goals
 provide the main direction for Norway's
 policy

to address the greatest challenges of our time

See more <u>here</u>

Ministry of Local Government and Modernisation

§ 112 in the Norwegian Constitution

Everyone has the right to an environment, that ensures health, and to a nature where productivity and diversity are preserved. Nature's resources must be disposed of in the basis of a long term and versatile consideration, a consideration that safeguard this right also for the future generations

Climate Court Case NGOs versus the Norwegian State With reference to § 112 in the Norwgian Constitution



The Accusing Parties:

The NGOs:

- Green Peace Norway
- Nature and Youth
- Supporting partners:
- The Grand Parents' Climate Action
- The Norwegian Society for the Conservation of Nature



Renewable energies - local opposition



Windpower development are creating conflicts in Norway

New actors and movements?

Establishment of national protest movement

Mobilization and collaboration of national interest organizations (NGOs)

 Polarization of national and local debate



TRØNDERENERGI PÅ FRØYA

Vil starte utbygging på Frøya i dag, men vindmotstanderne fortsetter kampen

Trønderenergi møter nok en gang på demonstranter i utbyggingsområdet.

NTB ENERGI 13. MAI 2019 - 13:52

Reference: Windplan

Radicalization of local protests

SDG 11, Make Cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable

One of the indicators:

Proportion of cities with a direct participation structure of civil society in urban planning and management that operate regularly and democratically.

1 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



Localization?

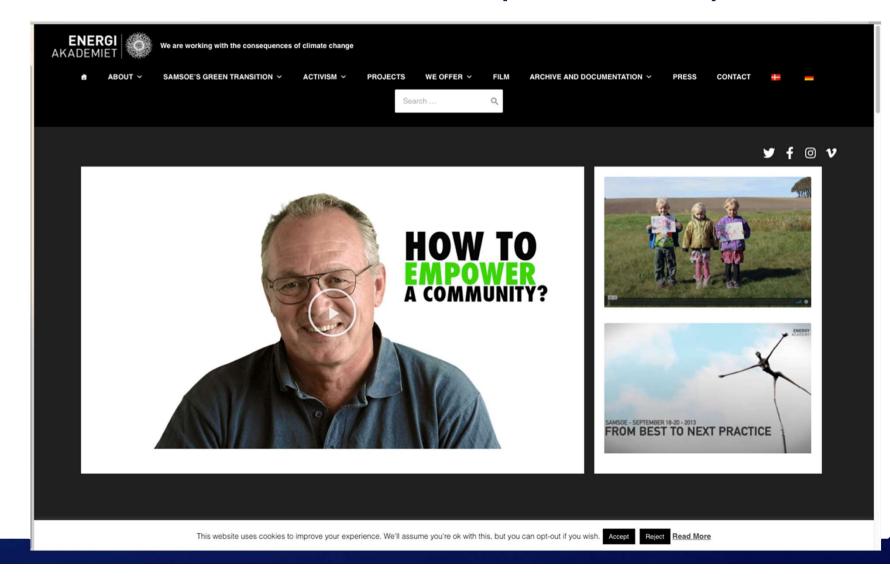
- People can shape, and reshape societies
- Democracy is about a shared community of people. It is about us and ours, not about me and mine
- The normative basis for a democratic system is that everyone is competent to participate in governing



Foto: Namsdal avis

Professor Audun Offerdal in Report on Local Democracy in Norway 2006

The Danish Island Samsø 100 % renewable – Local Ownership – "Commonity"



Samsoe's Green Transition

- In ten years:
 Selfsufficient with the use of renewable energy
- Now heading towards phasing out fossil fuels by 2030
- Working on circular economy



Sustainable Lives Network (NO)

A citizens' initiative

- From three persons to a national neigborhood movement
- Take the climate issue "from protest to party"
- Combining wellbeing with reduction of CO₂ emisjon



Questions?

- The burning questions in the Gemer Region – regardig climate change and democracy?
- Your needs?
- The coming study as a part of the project?
- What should we be looking for?



References and literature

- National expectations regarding regional and municipal planning 2019 – 2023
- The Nordic Vision 2030
- Action research project <u>Windplan</u> Public participation in wind power: challenges and opportunities (Norway).
- The Sustainable Development Goals
- Samsø's Green Transition <u>The Energy Academy</u> (Denmark)
- The Transition Towns Network
- <u>SIGNALS</u>, local action success stories in sustainability
- NORDIC, Success stories in Sustainability